

# Estimates of the Total Populations of Counties and Places in Texas for July 1, 2013 and January 1, 2014

Produced by:

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## Introduction

The estimates of the total population for counties and places in Texas for July 1, 2013 and January 1, 2014 are completed by personnel from the Texas State Data Center offices in the Institute for Demographic and Socioeconomic Research at The University of Texas at San Antonio. In this brief report, the methodology used to prepare the estimates is described. Because of space limitations, only a summary of the methodology is presented. Those wishing to obtain a more complete description of the estimation procedures and of the historical and sensitivity analyses used to select the methods employed in these estimates should contact program personnel in the Texas State Data Center at The University of Texas at San Antonio.



#### **Methodology for County Estimates**

Population estimates for counties are completed using three methods, including: ratio-correlation, component-method II, and housing-unit methods. These methods and the types of data used for each are discussed below.

Ratio-correlation procedures utilize multiple regression techniques with the ratio of variable values for adjacent time periods rather than simply the variable values themselves being used as independent and dependent variables. After an extensive evaluation of the relative accuracy of alternative procedures (including difference-rate, ratio-correlation and rate-correlation methods) and an analysis of alternative variables, a simple ratio-correlation model was employed to complete the final estimates. This model used the variables of births, deaths, elementary school enrollment, vehicle registration, and voter registration.

The component-method II procedure employed utilizes data on births, deaths and elementary school enrollment to estimate population. In this method, migration of the school-age population is assumed to be indicative of migration in the total population (with adjustments being made for the historical differences between the school-age migration rate and the total population's rate of migration). Data on public school enrollment from the Texas Education Agency and data from the Texas State Data Center's survey of private schools in Texas are used to estimate change in the school-age population. Data on institutional populations were obtained from applicable institutions, while data on other special populations, such as the elderly population, utilize Medicare enrollment acquired from the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services in the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services.

The housing-unit method used is of the standard form with change in the number of housing units in the housing stock of an area, from the base date (in this case, the 2010 Census) to the estimate date (in this case, July 1, 2013), being used to estimate population change. New housing additions and demolitions are taken from the U.S. Bureau of the Census survey of

building permits and demolitions and the Texas State Data Center survey of counties and cities issuing permits for residential buildings and demolitions. Both the U.S. Census Bureau's building permit survey and the Texas State Data Center's survey can only collect data from permit issuing county and city jurisdictions (methods for dealing with non-permit issuing places are discussed later). Assumptions about vacancy rates and average household size are then used in conjunction with data on the number of housing units in an estimate area (including those in the area at the base date and the net number of units added to, or subtracted from, the base housing stock for the time period between the base date and the estimate date). Separate estimates are completed by type of structure with the types used being single-family structures, 2 to 4 unit structures, structures with 5 or more units, and mobile homes. For purposes of the 2013 estimates, 2010 vacancy rates and average household sizes for each of the housing structure types were assumed to prevail as of the estimate date of July 1, 2013. For 2013, the estimates of the number of new mobile homes added to an area's housing stock were obtained from the Texas State Data Center's survey of building permits and demolitions. The sum of mobile homes from the survey was subtracted from the U.S. Bureau of the Census' estimate of the total number of mobile homes shipped to Texas. The difference was allocated to jurisdictions on the basis of the change in units in jurisdictions for other housing types from 2000 through 2010, to estimate the distribution for July 1, 2013.

The average of the component-method II, ratio-correlation and housing-unit population estimates is used as the population estimate for July 1, 2013 with the total for all counties being controlled to the July 1, 2013 estimate for the State obtained from the U.S. Bureau of the Census. Prior to the release of these estimates, county estimates were evaluated for consistency and reasonableness by comparing them to those from other State and local agencies.

The January 1, 2014 estimates are obtained by adding births to, and subtracting deaths from July 1, 2013 through December 31, 2013, to the July 1, 2013 estimates and assuming that July 1, 2012 to July 1, 2013 rates of migration continue from July 1, 2013 to January 1, 2014. The State and county estimates are obtained using the same method with the sum of the county estimates controlled to the State estimate.



### **Methodology for Place Estimates**

For places, population estimates were made using the same three methods as used for county estimates. To complete the component-method II estimates for places for 2013, standard component procedures were applied to 2010 Census population counts. The 2010 Census population used as a base for the place estimates includes population adjustments that were accepted by the Census Bureau as a result of the CQR (Count Question Resolution) process. County level birth and death data from the Texas Department of State Health Services and data from the Texas Education Agency on public school enrollment and from the Texas State Da-

ta Center survey of private schools on enrollment in private schools were used in this procedure. In addition, data on Medicare enrollment is acquired from the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services and data on the net movement of persons from the military to the civilian population were obtained for counties from the U.S. Bureau of the Census. Values for each of these items were allocated from counties to places prior to the completion of the place estimates. Such allocation procedures were necessary because data items that were available for places (such as birth and death data) showed year-to-year fluctuations and reporting errors that made the direct use of place-level data problematic. The general allocation procedures used for these items involved population subgroups closely associated with the item being allocated (i.e., women of childbearing age for fertility, school-age population for school enrollment, the total population for deaths, persons 65+ years of age for Medicare enrollment, and the population 14-17 years of age for net movement). The number in the appropriate subgroups for each place and the remainder of the county in each county in 2010 were survived (using state-level survival rates for 2009-2011) to July 1, 2013, and the sum of the survived groups in each place and the remainder of the county were controlled to the county total for the item as reported from the appropriate agency to obtain the value for each place. Place estimates were completed for July 1, 2013 and adjusted to account for population changes due to annexations or other boundary changes as obtained from the annual Texas State Data Center Boundary and Annexation Survey.

The housing unit estimates for places were completed using the same general procedures delineated above (for counties) except that it was necessary to use procedures to allocate new housing units and demolitions to places that were not reporting jurisdictions. This was done by taking the difference between the county totals for new building permits and demolitions and the sum of values for places for which data were reported for a county and proportionally allocating the difference to the nonreporting places. For the 2013 estimates, the allocation was done on the basis of the nonreporting places' proportions of county housing stocks as reported in the 2010 Census.

The third method used is the ratio-correlation method. Ratio correlation estimates were made to allocate county populations to places (and non-place areas) using births, deaths and housing units for places as estimation items.

The estimates for place populations from the three methods were averaged to provide a July 1, 2013 estimate of the total population for each place. The sum of the estimated populations for places in each county (and for that part of each county's population not living in places) were controlled to county totals to ensure consistency with the county estimates.

The January 1, 2014 place estimates are prepared using the same extrapolative procedures as described above for the State and county. Place estimates for each county for January 1, 2014 are controlled to the county estimate for January 1, 2014.



#### **Comparisons to U.S. Census Bureau Estimates**

The estimates presented here differ from those from other sources, such as those periodically produced by the U.S. Census Bureau, for several reasons. These estimates have been made using techniques that are different than those used by the Bureau. The Census Bureau uses only the distributive housing unit method to estimate place populations and the administrative records method to estimate county populations. Because the administrative records method uses income tax data that are not available to analysts outside the Census Bureau, this technique cannot be used by other agencies. In addition, the estimates reported in the following pages utilize more recent data than those used by the U.S. Bureau of the Census. The Census Bureau's county estimates utilize 2012 birth and death data, whereas 2013 values were employed in the Texas State Data Center estimates reported here. Also, the Census Bureau utilizes birth and death data only in their county level estimates while the Texas State Data Center includes current births and deaths in both county and place level estimates. Finally, the Census Bureau estimates include legal boundary updates reported before January 1, 2013 but do not include more recent information for places, whereas information on annexation and boundary changes through the 2013 calendar year were included in the estimates completed by the Texas program. Because of these differences, the population estimates presented here and those from the U.S. Bureau of the Census are not directly comparable.

#### If you have any questions concerning these estimates, please contact:

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Table 1

Texas State Data Center Population Estimates Program July 1, 2013 and January 1, 2014 Estimates of the Total Population of Counties and 2010-2013 and 2010-2014 Population Change for All Counties in Texas

County	Revised 2010 Census Count	July 1, 2013 Population Estimate	January 1, 2014 Population Estimate	Numerical Change 2010-13	Numerical Change 2010-14	Percent Change 2010-13	Percent Change 2010-14
County							
Anderson	58,458	59,008	59,030	550 4 705	572	0.9	1.0
Andrews	14,786	16,491	16,729	1,705	1,943	11.5 3.5	13.1 4.1
Angelina	86,771	89,839	90,350	3,068	3,579		
Aransas	23,158	24,385	24,669	1,227	1,511	5.3	6.5
Archer	9,054	9,242	9,362	188	308	2.1	3.4
Armstrong	1,901	1,944	1,949	43	48	2.3	2.5
Atascosa	44,911	47,125	47,197	2,214	2,286	4.9	5.1
Austin	28,417	29,178	29,346	761	929	2.7	3.3
Bailey	7,165	7,140	7,058	-25	-107	-0.3	-1.5
Bandera	20,485	20,942	21,036	457	551	2.2	2.7
Bastrop	74,171	78,707	79,514	4,536	5,343	6.1	7.2
Baylor	3,726	3,631	3,562	-95	-164	-2.5	-4.4
Bee	31,861	32,414	32,399	553	538	1.7	1.7
Bell	310,235	326,917	328,974	16,682	18,739	5.4	6.0
Bexar	1,714,773	1,813,421	1,827,782	98,648	113,009	5.8	6.6
Blanco	10,497	10,591	10,479	94	-18	0.9	-0.2
Borden	641	657	662	16	21	2.5	3.3
Bosque	18,212	18,454	18,445	242	233	1.3	1.3
Bowie	92,565	94,440	94,714	1,875	2,149	2.0	2.3
Brazoria	313,166	330,385	333,224	17,219	20,058	5.5	6.4
Brazos	194,851	203,420	204,362	8,569	9,511	4.4	4.9
Brewster	9,232	9,274	9,225	42	-7	0.5	-0.1
Briscoe	1,637	1,541	1,486	-96	-151	-5.9	-9.2
Brooks	7,223	7,292	7,287	69	64	1.0	0.9
Brown	38,106	38,889	38,939	783	833	2.1	2.2
Burleson	17,187	17,467	17,348	280	161	1.6	0.9
Burnet	42,750	44,376	44,618	1,626	1,868	3.8	4.4
Caldwell	38,066	39,231	39,333	1,165	1,267	3.1	3.3
Calhoun	21,381	21,729	21,762	348	381	1.6	1.8
Callahan	13,544	13,955	14,123	411	579	3.0	4.3
Cameron	406,220	421,288	423,131	15,068	16,911	3.7	4.2
Camp	12,401	12,617	12,664	216	263	1.7	2.1
Carson	6,182	6,117	6,009	-65	-173	-1.1	-2.8
Cass	30,464	30,784	30,933	320	469	1.1	1.5
Castro	8,062	8,026	7,951	-36	-111	-0.4	-1.4
Chambers	35,096	36,774	36,785	1,678	1,689	4.8	4.8
Cherokee	50,845	52,538	52,971	1,693	2,126	3.3	4.2
Childress	7,041	7,047	7,045	6	4	0.1	0.1
Clay	10,752	10,844	10,849	92	97	0.9	0.9
Cochran	3,127	3,013	2,954	-114	-173	-3.6	-5.5
Coke	3,320	3,263	3,206	-57	-114	-1.7	-3.4
Coleman	8,895	8,830	8,758	-65	-137	-0.7	-1.5
Collin	782,341	854,036	867,308	71,695	84,967	9.2	10.9
Collingsworth	3,057	2,958	2,891	-99	-166	-3.2	-5.4
_	20,874		21,758	640	884	3.1	4.2
Colorado		21,514					
Comal	108,472	118,373	120,051	9,901	11,579	9.1 0.5	10.7
Comanche	13,974	14,047	14,034	73	60 66	0.5	0.4
Concho	4,087	4,055	4,021	-32	-66	-0.8	-1.6
Cooke	38,437	39,389	39,589	952	1,152	2.5	3.0
Coryell	75,388	76,805	76,512	1,417	1,124	1.9	1.5
Cottle	1,505	1,486	1,468	-19	-37	-1.3	-2.5
Crane	4,375	4,744	4,866	369	491	8.4	11.2
Crockett	3,719	3,747	3,740	28	21	0.8	0.6
Crosby	6,059	5,974	5,920	-85	-139	-1.4	-2.3

	Revised 2010 Census	July 1, 2013 Population	January 1, 2014 Population	Numerical Change	Numerical Change	Percent Change	Percent Change
County	Count	Estimate	Estimate	2010-13	2010-14	2010-13	2010-14
Culberson	2,398	2,388	2,371	-10	-27	-0.4	-1.1
Dallam	6,703	6,964	6,922	261	219	3.9	3.3
Dallas	2,368,139	2,459,095	2,474,550	90,956	106,411	3.8	4.5
Dawson	13,833	13,847	13,821	14	-12	0.1	-0.1
Deaf Smith	19,372	19,337	19,163	-35	-209	-0.2	-1.1
Delta	5,231	5,276	5,263	45	32	0.9	0.6
Denton	662,614	721,022	729,302	58,408	66,688	8.8	10.1
De Witt	20,097	20,663	20,495	566	398	2.8	2.0
Dickens	2,444	2,345	2,281	-99	-163	-4.1	-6.7
Dimmit	9,996	11,012	11,190	1,016	1,194	10.2	11.9
Donley	3,677	3,626	3,574	-51	-103	-1.4	-2.8
Duval	11,782	11,661	11,494	-121	-288	-1.0	-2.4
Eastland	18,583	18,731	18,812	148	229	0.8	1.2
Ector	137,130	149,324	152,455	12,194	15,325	8.9	11.2
Edwards	2,002	1,865	1,786	-137	-216	-6.8	-10.8
Ellis	149,610	155,939	156,690	6,329	7,080	4.2	4.7
El Paso	800,647	829,726	827,086	29,079	26,439	3.6	3.3
Erath	37,890	39,862	40,185	1,972	2,295	5.2	6.1
Falls	17,866	17,493	17,270	-373	-596	-2.1	-3.3
Fannin	33,915	34,526	34,586	611	671	1.8	2.0
Fayette	24,554	24,833	24,419	279	-135	1.1	-0.5
Fisher	3,974	3,864	3,816	-110	-158	-2.8	-4.0
Floyd	6,446	6,248	6,142	-198	-304	-3.1	-4.7
Foard	1,336	1,284	1,248	-52	-88	-3.9	-6.6
Fort Bend	585,375	650,693	663,675	65,318	78,300	11.2	13.4
Franklin	10,605	10,656	10,664	51	59	0.5	0.6
Freestone	19,816	20,078	20,028	262	212	1.3	1.1
Frio	17,217	18,175	18,283	958	1,066	5.6	6.2
Gaines	17,526	18,820	19,204	1,294	1,678	7.4	9.6
Galveston	291,309	305,938	308,486	14,629	17,177	5.0	5.9
Garza	6,461	6,510	6,492	49	31	8.0	0.5
Gillespie	24,837	25,695	25,781	858	944	3.5	3.8
Glasscock	1,226	1,249	1,250	23	24	1.9	2.0
Goliad	7,210	7,444	7,466	234	256	3.2	3.6
Gonzales	19,807	20,326	20,334	519	527	2.6	2.7
Gray	22,535	23,110	23,210	575	675	2.6	3.0
Grayson	120,877	123,115	123,499	2,238	2,622	1.9	2.2
Gregg	121,730	124,939	125,253	3,209	3,523	2.6	2.9
Grimes	26,604	27,596	27,728	992	1,124	3.7	4.2
Guadalupe	131,533	143,195	145,066	11,662	13,533	8.9	10.3
Hale	36,273	35,626	35,069	-647	-1,204	-1.8	-3.3
Hall	3,353	3,331	3,293	-22	-60	-0.7	-1.8
Hamilton	8,517	8,482	8,390	-35	-127	-0.4	-1.5
Hansford	5,613	5,520	5,465	-93	-148	-1.7	-2.6
Hardeman	4,139	4,024	3,971	-115	-168	-2.8	-4.1
Hardin	54,635	57,005	57,591	2,370	2,956	4.3	5.4
Harris	4,092,459	4,325,413	4,365,601	232,954	273,142	5.7	6.7
Harrison	65,631	66,931	66,706	1,300	1,075	2.0	1.6
Hartley	6,062	6,134	6,118	72	56	1.2	0.9
Haskell	5,899 157 107	5,852	5,818	-47	-81	-0.8	-1.4
Hays	157,107	175,412	179,767	18,305	22,660	11.7	14.4
Hemphill	3,807	3,988	4,013	181 1 217	206	4.8 1.7	5.4
Henderson	78,532	79,849	80,040 821,758	1,317	1,508	1.7 5.7	1.9
Hidalgo	774,773	818,553	821,758	43,780	46,985 161	5.7	6.1 0.5
Hill	35,089	35,239	34,928 22,775	150 628	-161 840	0.4	-0.5
Hockley	22,935 51,182	23,563	23,775	628 1.840	840 2.153	2.7	3.7
Hood	51,182 35,161	53,022 35,601	53,335 35,437	1,840	2,153	3.6	4.2
Houston	35,161	35,601	35,437	440 226	276 550	1.3	0.8
Houston	23,732	23,396	23,173	-336	-559	-1.4	-2.4

	Revised 2010 Census	July 1, 2013 Population	January 1, 2014 Population	Numerical Change	Numerical Change	Percent Change	Percent Change
County	Count	Estimate	Estimate	2010-13	2010-14	2010-13	2010-14
Howard	35,012	36,077	36,374	1,065	1,362	3.0	3.9
Hudspeth	3,476	3,447	3,412	-29	-64	-0.8	-1.8
Hunt	86,129	88,451	88,870	2,322	2,741	2.7	3.2
Hutchinson	22,150	21,735	21,463	-415	-687	-1.9	-3.1
Irion	1,599	1,724	1,738	125	139	7.8	8.7
Jack	9,044	9,110	9,098	66	54	0.7	0.6
Jackson	14,075	14,553	14,711	478	636	3.4	4.5
Jasper	35,710	35,438	35,130	-272	-580	-0.8	-1.6
Jeff Davis	2,342	2,238	2,142	-104	-200	-4.4	-8.5
Jefferson	252,273	253,315	252,941	1,042	668	0.4	0.3
Jim Hogg	5,300	5,236	5,166	-64	-134	-1.2	-2.5
Jim Wells	40,838	41,902	41,790	1,064	952	2.6	2.3
Johnson	150,934	157,201	157,970	6,267	7,036	4.2	4.7
Jones	20,202	19,725	19,373	-477 243	-829 -68	-2.4 1.6	-4.1 0.5
Karnes Kaufman	14,824 103,350	15,067 108,298	14,756 108,997	4,948	-00 5,647	4.8	-0.5 5.5
Kendall	33,410	37,673	38,753	4,946 4,263	5,343	4.6 12.8	16.0
Kenedy	416	420	408	4,203	-8	1.0	-1.9
Kent	808	804	789	-4	-19	-0.5	-2.4
Kerr	49,625	50,827	51,102	1,202	1,477	2.4	3.0
Kimble	4,607	4,705	4,703	98	96	2.1	2.1
King	286	288	282	2	-4	0.7	-1.4
Kinney	3,598	3,661	3,625	63	27	1.8	0.8
Kleberg	32,061	32,019	31,850	-42	-211	-0.1	-0.7
Knox	3,719	3,817	3,300	98	-419	2.6	-11.3
Lamar	49,793	50,270	50,170	477	377	1.0	0.8
Lamb	13,977	13,780	13,609	-197	-368	-1.4	-2.6
Lampasas	19,677	20,478	20,642	801	965	4.1	4.9
La Salle	6,886	7,354	7,380	468	494	6.8	7.2
Lavaca	19,263	19,518	19,377	255	114	1.3	0.6
Lee	16,612	16,984	17,031	372	419	2.2	2.5
Leon	16,801	17,060	16,847	259	46	1.5	0.3
Liberty	75,643	78,982	80,002	3,339	4,359	4.4	5.8
Limestone	23,384	23,320	22,982	-64	-402	-0.3	-1.7
Lipscomb	3,302	3,469	3,502	167	200	5.1	6.1
Live Oak	11,531	11,821	11,730	290	199	2.5	1.7
Llano	19,301	19,732	19,703	431	402	2.2	2.1
Loving	82	82	83	0	1	0.0	1.2
Lubbock	278,831	292,005	294,235	13,174	15,404	4.7	5.5
Lynn	5,915	5,761	5,669	-154	-246	-2.6	-4.2
McCulloch	8,283	8,340	8,319	57 7.534	36	0.7	0.4
McLennan	234,906	242,430	243,181	7,524	8,275	3.2	3.5
McMullen Medicen	707	806	774	99 427	67 569	14.0	9.5 4.2
Madison	13,664	14,091	14,233 10,360	42 <i>1</i> -64	-186	3.1	
Marion	10,546 4,799	10,482 5,331	5,494	-64 532	-100 695	-0.6 11.1	-1.8 14.5
Martin Mason	4,799 4,012	4,156	4,165	144	153	3.6	3.8
Matagorda	36,702	36,541	36,250	-161	-452	-0.4	-1.2
Maverick	54,258	56,061	56,138	1,803	1,880	3.3	3.5
Medina	46,006	48,095	48,595	2,089	2,589	4.5	5.6
Menard	2,242	2,279	2,268	37	2,303	1.7	1.2
Midland	136,872	152,349	155,647	15,477	18,775	11.3	13.7
Milam	24,757	24,388	23,961	-369	-796	-1.5	-3.2
Mills	4,936	4,972	4,941	36	5	0.7	0.1
Mitchell	9,403	9,309	9,213	-94	-190	-1.0	-2.0
Montague	19,719	19,947	19,908	228	189	1.2	1.0
Montgomery	455,746	497,791	505,335	42,045	49,589	9.2	10.9
Moore	21,904	22,123	22,128	219	224	1.0	1.0
Morris	12,934	13,214	13,256	280	322	2.2	2.5

County	Revised 2010 Census Count	July 1, 2013 Population Estimate	January 1, 2014 Population Estimate	Numerical Change 2010-13	Numerical Change 2010-14	Percent Change 2010-13	Percent Change 2010-14
County							
Motley Nacogdoches	1,210 64,524	1,196 65,043	1,180 64,693	-14 519	-30 169	-1.2 0.8	-2.5 0.3
Navarro	47,735	49,245	49,602	1,510	1,867	3.2	3.9
Newton	14,445	14,525	14,488	80	43	0.6	0.3
Nolan	15,216	15,042	14,904	-174	-312	-1.1	-2.1
Nueces	340,223	351,334	352,776	11,111	12,553	3.3	3.7
Ochiltree	10,223	10,783	10,861	560	638	5.5	6.2
Oldham	2,052	2,084	2,056	32	4	1.6	0.2
Orange	81,837	82,801	82,828	964	991	1.2	1.2
Palo Pinto	28,111	28,568	28,635	457	524	1.6	1.9
Panola	23,796	24,244	24,281	448	485	1.9	2.0
Parker	116,927	121,178	121,104	4,251	4,177	3.6	3.6
Parmer	10,269	9,963	9,742	-306	-527	-3.0	-5.1
Pecos	15,507	15,824	15,946	317	439	2.0	2.8
Polk	45,413	47,097	47,671	1,684	2,258	3.7	5.0
Potter	121,073	124,307	124,872	3,234	3,799	2.7	3.1
Presidio	7,818	7,982	8,000	164	182	2.1	2.3
Rains	10,914	11,024	10,900	110	-14	1.0	-0.1
Randall	120,725	127,294	127,754	6,569	7,029	5.4	5.8
Reagan	3,367	3,631	3,672	264	305	7.8	9.1
Real	3,309	3,343	3,305	34	-4	1.0	-0.1
Red River	12,860	12,418	12,211	-442	-649	-3.4	-5.0
Reeves	13,783	13,893	13,895	110	112	0.8	0.8
Refugio	7,383	7,282	7,200	-101	-183	-1.4	-2.5
Roberts	929	927	913	-2	-16	-0.2	-1.7
Robertson	16,622	16,966	16,852	344	230	2.1	1.4
Rockwall	78,337	85,050	86,096	6,713 -201	7,759 -392	8.6	9.9
Runnels Rusk	10,501 53,330	10,300 53,545	10,109 53,202	-201 215	-392 -128	-1.9 0.4	-3.7 -0.2
Sabine	10,834	11,045	11,066	213	232	1.9	-0.2 2.1
San Augustine	8,865	8,906	8,833	41	-32	0.5	-0.4
San Jacinto	26,384	27,547	27,753	1,163	1,369	4.4	5.2
San Patricio	64,804	65,714	65,957	910	1,153	1.4	1.8
San Saba	6,131	6,048	5,928	-83	-203	-1.4	-3.3
Schleicher	3,461	3,439	3,395	-22	-66	-0.6	-1.9
Scurry	16,921	17,483	17,583	562	662	3.3	3.9
Shackelford	3,378	3,406	3,400	28	22	0.8	0.7
Shelby	25,448	25,987	26,034	539	586	2.1	2.3
Sherman	3,034	3,074	3,064	40	30	1.3	1.0
Smith	209,714	214,986	214,433	5,272	4,719	2.5	2.3
Somervell	8,490	8,674	8,612	184	122	2.2	1.4
Starr	60,968	62,060	61,854	1,092	886	1.8	1.5
Stephens	9,630	9,451	9,332	-179	-298	-1.9	-3.1
Sterling	1,143	1,237	1,273	94	130	8.2	11.4
Stonewall	1,490	1,418	1,373	-72	-117	-4.8	-7.9
Sutton	4,128	4,108	4,065	-20	-63	-0.5	-1.5
Swisher	7,854	7,684	7,591	-170	-263	-2.2	-3.3
Tarrant	1,809,034	1,910,975	1,928,141	101,941	119,107	5.6	6.6
Taylor	131,506	134,948	135,541	3,442	4,035	2.6	3.1
Terrell Terry	984 12,651	894 12,651	843 12,566	-90 0	-141 -85	-9.1 0.0	-14.3 -0.7
Throckmorton	1,641	1,615	1,597	-26	-65 -44	-1.6	-0.7 -2.7
Titus	32,334	32,893	32,875	-20 559	541	1.7	-2. <i>1</i> 1.7
Tom Green	110,224	114,513	115,768	4,289	5,544	3.9	5.0
Travis	1,024,266	1,108,503	1,126,684	84,237	102,418	8.2	10.0
Trinity	14,585	14,186	13,914	-399	-671	-2.7	-4.6
Tyler	21,766	22,261	22,323	495	557	2.3	2.6
Upshur	39,309	40,115	40,056	806	747	2.1	1.9
Upton	3,355	3,319	3,276	-36	-79	-1.1	-2.4
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	Revised 2010 Census	July 1, 2013 Population	January 1, 2014 Population	Numerical Change	Numerical Change	Percent Change	Percent Change
County	Count	Estimate	Estimate	2010-13	2010-14	2010-13	2010-14
Uvalde	26,405	26,790	26,830	385	425	1.5	1.6
Val Verde	48,879	48,544	47,885	-335	-994	-0.7	-2.0
Van Zandt	52,579	53,561	53,588	982	1,009	1.9	1.9
Victoria	86,793	89,481	89,785	2,688	2,992	3.1	3.4
Walker	67,861	69,411	69,721	1,550	1,860	2.3	2.7
Waller	43,205	45,277	45,642	2,072	2,437	4.8	5.6
Ward	10,658	11,319	11,550	661	892	6.2	8.4
Washington	33,718	34,459	34,502	741	784	2.2	2.3
Webb	250,304	266,443	268,653	16,139	18,349	6.4	7.3
Wharton	41,280	41,311	41,221	31	-59	0.1	-0.1
Wheeler	5,410	5,835	5,948	425	538	7.9	9.9
Wichita	131,500	132,959	133,464	1,459	1,964	1.1	1.5
Wilbarger	13,535	13,183	12,995	-352	-540	-2.6	-4.0
Willacy	22,134	22,023	21,929	-111	-205	-0.5	-0.9
Williamson	422,679	463,178	469,417	40,499	46,738	9.6	11.1
Wilson	42,918	45,680	45,787	2,762	2,869	6.4	6.7
Winkler	7,110	7,516	7,684	406	574	5.7	8.1
Wise	59,127	61,558	61,924	2,431	2,797	4.1	4.7
Wood	41,964	43,106	43,507	1,142	1,543	2.7	3.7
Yoakum	7,879	8,184	8,274	305	395	3.9	5.0
Young	18,550	19,062	19,137	512	587	2.8	3.2
Zapata	14,018	14,354	14,278	336	260	2.4	1.9
Zavala	11,677	12,113	12,176	436	499	3.7	4.3
State of Texas	25,145,565	26,448,193	26,642,612	1,302,628	1,497,047	5.2	6.0

Source: Texas State Data Center, Population Estimates and Projections Program