Texas
Demographic Characteristics and Trends among Young Texans

Texas Juvenile Probation Commission Chief's Conference
February 3, 2011
Austin, TX
25 Million Reasons to be Proud of Texas (among a few more)

Demographic Highlights

**TEXAS is:**

- **big.** The population of Texas is the second largest in the United States, approaching 25 million people (estimated population of 24.8 million people in 2009).[^7]

- **young.** Approximately 28% of Texas’ population is under 18 and only 10% of the population is older than 65 years.[^1] Webb County in Texas, has the youngest population in the U.S. with children younger than 5 comprising 12.8% of the population.[^7]

- **embracing of culture and diversity.** Approximately 9 million or 38% of Texans are of Hispanic descent, 2.8 million or 12% are African Americans, and 1 million or 4% are other (non-Anglo mainly of Asian descent).[^1] In about a decade, it is expected that Texas’ population will have more persons of Hispanic descent than any other racial or ethnic group.[^4]

- **a desired place to live and work.** Net in-migration to Texas accounts for almost half of the population growth in recent years.[^1] More than 171,900 college graduates moved into Texas each year between 2006 and 2008, placing Texas as 2nd in the Nation by this measure.

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25 Million Reasons to be Proud of Texas (among a few more)

TEXAS is:

**urban.** Texas has three of the top 10 largest cities in the Nation. Several of the metropolitan areas in Texas are among the most rapidly growing in the Nation.

**rural.** Texas is the second largest state in the Nation in terms of square miles (268,601) and approximately 17% of the population lives in rural areas.

**a working state.** Texas has a civilian labor force of more than twelve million workers and an unemployment rate lower than in most States.

**family oriented and multigenerational.** Texas ranks 3rd among states for the percent of households which are married-couple families with children (24.4%). Texas ranks 3rd among states for percent of households which are multigenerational (4.5%).

**growing – fast.** Texas gained more population than any other state in the last estimate year (between July 1, 2008 and July 1, 2009), adding 478,000 people. Among cities over 100,000 population in the U.S., 4 of the 10 fastest growing areas are in Texas (2007-2008 change).

## Fastest Growing States, 2000-2010

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
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</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>United States</td>
<td>281,424,602</td>
<td>308,745,538</td>
<td>27,323,632</td>
<td>9.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Texas</td>
<td>20,851,820</td>
<td>25,145,561</td>
<td>4,293,741</td>
<td>20.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>California</td>
<td>33,871,648</td>
<td>37,253,956</td>
<td>3,382,308</td>
<td>10.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Florida</td>
<td>15,982,378</td>
<td>18,801,310</td>
<td>2,818,932</td>
<td>17.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Georgia</td>
<td>8,186,453</td>
<td>9,687,653</td>
<td>1,501,200</td>
<td>18.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arizona</td>
<td>5,130,632</td>
<td>9,535,483</td>
<td>1,404,852</td>
<td>18.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Virginia</td>
<td>7,078,515</td>
<td>8,001,024</td>
<td>1,261,385</td>
<td>24.6%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Population values are decennial census counts for April 1 for 2000 and 2010.

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census

15.7% of numerical change in U.S.
## Total Population and Components of Population Change in Texas, 1950-2009

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year*</th>
<th>Population</th>
<th>Numerical Change</th>
<th>Natural Increase</th>
<th>Net Migration</th>
<th>Percent Change</th>
<th>Natural Increase</th>
<th>Net Migration</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1950</td>
<td>7,711,194</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1960</td>
<td>9,579,677</td>
<td>1,868,483</td>
<td>1,754,652</td>
<td>113,831</td>
<td>24.2</td>
<td>93.91</td>
<td>6.09</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1970</td>
<td>11,196,730</td>
<td>1,617,053</td>
<td>1,402,683</td>
<td>214,370</td>
<td>16.9</td>
<td>86.74</td>
<td>13.26</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1980</td>
<td>14,229,191</td>
<td>3,032,461</td>
<td>1,260,794</td>
<td>1,771,667</td>
<td>27.1</td>
<td>41.58</td>
<td>58.42</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1990</td>
<td>16,986,510</td>
<td>2,757,319</td>
<td>1,815,670</td>
<td>941,649</td>
<td>19.9</td>
<td>65.85</td>
<td>34.15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2000</td>
<td>20,851,820</td>
<td>3,865,310</td>
<td>1,919,281</td>
<td>1,946,029</td>
<td>22.8</td>
<td>49.65</td>
<td>50.35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2009</td>
<td>24,782,302</td>
<td>3,930,484</td>
<td>2,124,124</td>
<td>1,781,785</td>
<td>18.8</td>
<td>54.04</td>
<td>45.33</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* All values for the decennial dates are for the indicated census year. Values for 2009 is for July 1 as estimated by the U.S. Bureau of the Census.

Source: Derived from U.S. Bureau of the Census Estimates for dates indicated by the Texas State Data Center, University of Texas at San Antonio.

Note: Residual values are not presented in this table.
Estimated Annual Net Migration to Texas, 2000 to 2009

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census 2009 Estimates
## Estimated Number and Percent of Migrants to Texas between 2000 and 2009 by Race and Ethnicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>White</th>
<th>Hispanic</th>
<th>Black</th>
<th>Other</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Net domestic migration</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of migrants</td>
<td>371,150</td>
<td>238,866</td>
<td>195,024</td>
<td>43,663</td>
<td>848,702</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Percent of Row Total</td>
<td><strong>44%</strong></td>
<td>28%</td>
<td>23%</td>
<td>5%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>International migration</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of migrants</td>
<td>224,820</td>
<td>469,591</td>
<td>73,140</td>
<td>165,532</td>
<td>933,083</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Percent of Row Total</td>
<td><strong>24%</strong></td>
<td><strong>50%</strong></td>
<td>8%</td>
<td>18%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of migrants</td>
<td>595,970</td>
<td>708,457</td>
<td>268,163</td>
<td>209,195</td>
<td>1,781,785</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Percent of Row Total</td>
<td><strong>33%</strong></td>
<td>40%</td>
<td>15%</td>
<td>12%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>


- 67% of all migrants
- 52% of all migrants were international
Estimated domestic migration (2000-2008) by county as a percentage of 2000 population

Source: Population Division, U.S. Census Bureau, March 19, 2009. Map produced by the Texas State Data Center
Estimated international migration (2000-2008) by county as a percentage of 2000 population


Texas Racial and Ethnic Composition, 2000 and 2009

2000
- NH White: 53%
- Hispanic or Latino: 32%
- NH Black: 11%
- Other: 4%

2009
- NH White: 47%
- Hispanic or Latino: 37%
- NH Black: 11%
- Other: 5%

Estimate percent non-Hispanic Anglo and Hispanic by County, 2009

non-Hispanic Anglo

Hispanic

Source: U.S. Census Bureau Population Estimates
Projected Texas Population Pyramid by Race/Ethnicity, 2010

- Anglo Male
- Hispanic Male
- Black Male
- Other Male
- Anglo Female
- Hispanic Female
- Black Female
- Other Female

- 0-4 yrs
- 5-9 yrs
- 10-14 yrs
- 15-19 yrs
- 20-24 yrs
- 25-29 yrs
- 30-34 yrs
- 35-39 yrs
- 40-44 yrs
- 45-49 yrs
- 50-54 yrs
- 55-59 yrs
- 60-64 yrs
- 65-69 yrs
- 70-74 yrs
- 75-79 yrs
- 80-84 yrs
- 85+ yrs

- 0
- 400000
- 800000
- 1200000

- 1200000
- 800000
- 400000

- Projected Texas Population Pyramid by Race/Ethnicity, 2010
Total Population, 2009 Estimate

Lt 10,000
10,000 - LT 50,000
50,000 - LT 100,000
100,000 - LT 500,000
GE 500,000

Population increase for Texas was almost 19% during this period.
Projected Population Aged Less Than 18 Years by County, 2010 and 2030

Source: Texas State Data Center, Population Projections using 2000-2004 migration scenario
Projected Non-Hispanic Black Population Aged Less Than 18 by County, Texas, 2010

Source: Texas State Data Center, Population Projections using 2000-2004 migration scenario
Projected Non-Hispanic Anglo Population Aged Less Than 18 by County, Texas, 2010

Source: Texas State Data Center, Population Projections using 2000-2004 migration scenario
Projected Hispanic Population Aged Less Than 18 by County, Texas, 2010

Source: Texas State Data Center, Population Projections using 2000-2004 migration scenario
Projected Population Growth in Texas, 2000-2040

Source: Texas State Data Center 2008 Population Projections
Projected Racial and Ethnic Percent, Texas, 2000-2040

Projected Population of Persons Aged Less that 18 years by Sex, Texas, 2010-2040

Source: Texas State Data Center 2008 Population Projections, 2000-2004 Migration Scenario
Projected Racial and Ethnic Population of Males Aged Less than 18 years, Texas, 2010-2040

Source: Texas State Data Center 2008 Population Projections, 2000-2004 Migration Scenario
Percent of the population 5 and over who speak English less than very well by state, 2009

Source: American Community Survey, 2009
Percent of the population 5 and over who speak Spanish at home, 2009

Source: American Community Survey, 2009
Percent of population that is foreign born, 2005-2009

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey, 5-Year Sample 2005-2009
Percent of the population 5 and over who speak Spanish at home, 2005-2009

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey, 5-Year Sample 2005-2009
Percent of Households that are Linguistically Isolated, by County, 2005-2009

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey, 5-Year Sample 2005-2009
Percent of population aged 25 years and older with high school or equivalent degree or higher 2005-2009

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey, 5-Year Sample 2005-2009
Percent of population aged 25 years and older with Bachelors degree or higher. 2005-2009

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey, 5-Year Sample 2005-2009
# Educational Attainment in Texas, 2009

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Level of Educational Attainment</th>
<th>Percent of persons aged 25 years and older</th>
<th>State Ranking</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>High school diploma or equivalency</td>
<td>79.9%</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bachelors</td>
<td>25.5%</td>
<td>31</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Graduate</td>
<td>8.5%</td>
<td>33</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Educational Attainment in 2000 in Texas for Persons 25+ Years of Age By Race/Ethnicity

- College or More
- Some College
- High School
- < High School
Projected Percent of Labor Force by Educational Attainment in Texas, 2000 and 2040

* Projections are shown for the 1.0 scenario
Texas economy

2nd largest in the U.S.

15th largest in the world based on GDP

And The Winner Is—Texas
The Lone Star State is No. 1 again—upsetting Virginia for the second time in three years—with their highest overall score in the history of our study.

OVERALL RANKINGS:

Top Five
1. Texas
2. Virginia
3. Colorado
4. North Carolina

Bottom Five
50. Alaska
49. Rhode Island
48. Hawaii
47. Nevada

Source: CNBC.com
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